## Claims

- 1. Composite material with a specific density in the range of 0.8 g/cm<sup>3</sup> to 1.2 g/cm<sup>3</sup>, comprising the following components:
  - (a) one or more grains of a non-metallic inorganic material with a specific surface area in the range of  $10,000~\text{m}^2/\text{m}^3$  to  $1,000,000~\text{m}^2/\text{m}^3$ , having a porosity in the range of 10% to 80% with pores of which at least 50% have a pore size in the range of  $0.1~\mu m$  to  $1000~\mu m$ , whereby of the grains, more than 50% have a grain size in the range of 0.1~mm to 50~mm; and
  - (b) one or more plastics particles with a specific density in the range of 0.6 g/cm<sup>3</sup> to 1.2 g/cm<sup>3</sup>, and a specific surface area in the range of 50 m<sup>2</sup>/m<sup>3</sup> to 1000 m<sup>2</sup>/m<sup>3</sup>, of which more than 50% have a particle size in the range of 0.01 mm to 100 mm.
- 2. Composite material according to claim 1, whereby the non-metallic inorganic material has a specific surface area in the range of  $25,000 \text{ m}^2/\text{m}^3$  to  $500,000 \text{ m}^2/\text{m}^3$ .
- 3. Composite material according to one or more of the claims 1 or 2, whereby the weight ratio of non-metallic inorganic material to plastics particles lies in the range of 15:85 to 85:15.
- 4. Use of the composite material according to one or more of the claims 1 to 3 as bacteria carrier material.
- 5. Use according to claim 4 in plants for water treatment.
- 6. Use according to claim 4 or 5, whereby the specific density of the composite material corresponds to the specific density of the surrounding medium.
- 7. Method for manufacturing the composite material according to one or more of the claims 1 to 3, comprising the following steps:
  - (1) Mixing of the non-metallic inorganic material with the plastics particles;
  - (2) Filling of the mixture into a mould;
  - (3) Melting of the surface of the plastics particles; and possibly

(4) Pressing together of the melted plastics particles with the grains of the non-metallic inorganic material;

whereby step (4) may be carried out either simultaneously with step (3) or following step (3).

8. Method according to claim 7, whereby before step (3), a plastics powder made from a material identical to or similar to the material of the plastics particles is added.